

STS Notification Template files

Version 1.0 FINAL

The worksheets in the enclosed templates shall be used for the purposes of the notification requirements to the FCA as set out in SECN 2.

Detailed instructions for submitting the STS notification template for a public securitisation to the FCA:

1. If you are providing an STS notification for a public securitisation, then you must follow all of the instructions below. NB: 'Public securitisations' are those securitisations where section 85 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (2000 Act) (prohibition of dealing etc. in transferable securities without approved prospectus) and rules made by the FCA for the purposes of Part 6 of the 2000 Act (official listing) require an approved prospectus to be drawn up. Please note that failure to comply with these instructions may lead to either a rejection of the STS notification or delays in making it available on the List of UK STS Securitisations.
2. Using the worksheets in the public securitisations STS notification template file (ANNEX_I, ANNEX_II, and/or ANNEX_III), select the appropriate template(s) to be completed, as per the STS notification provisions set out in the SECN rules. Additional columns have been provided for background information.

3. Complete the STS notification template(s) in the manner specified in the templates.

For ease of reference, fields that must always be completed have been highlighted in blue.

Similarly, conditional fields (i.e. those that must sometimes be completed depending on the type of instrument) have been highlighted in beige.

Please note that this colour coding is for ease of reference only, and that the obligations as set out in the SECN rules, take precedence in the event of any conflict.

4. Please note that any reference in the STS notification template file:

- to Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 and related technical standards and to specific Articles therein shall be read as referencing the PRA rules or SECN replacing the relevant provision;
 - to point (24) of article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 is a reference to the definition of "transferable security" in the Glossary to the FCA Handbook; and
 - to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 is a reference to UK CRR as defined in the Glossary to the FCA Handbook,
- unless a contrary intention appears.

Where a term in the STS notification template file is defined in the SECN rules, that definition shall apply for the purposes of these instructions unless a contrary intention appears.

5. Once the STS notification template(s) has been completed, save this file, submit using the File Upload Form for Submission of STS Notifications to the FCA (“STS Notification File Upload Form”), in adherence with the following modalities. Note: The STS Notification File Upload Form will be available for a firm user registered onto Connect only if their Principal user has enabled them access to the form.

- Please submit only one file per securitisation. Where multiple STS notifications are being submitted (e.g. for two or more securitisations), please submit one notification per securitisation.
- Where a notification is being made for an ABCP securitisation that requires notification of both the transaction and programme in compliance with the STS criteria, then Annex I in the public securitisations STS notification template file should be deleted and Annexes II and III should be completed, and this single saved file should be submitted in one notification. Each Annex will be treated as a separate notification with its own corresponding Notification ID generated.
- Where a notification is being made for a non-ABCP securitisation, then Annex I should be completed and Annexes II and III deleted, and this completed file should be submitted in one notification.
- Where a notification is being made for an ABCP transaction only, then Annexes I and III should be deleted and Annex II should be completed, and this file saved and should be submitted in one notification.
- Where a notification is being made for an ABCP programme only, then Annexes I and II should be deleted and Annex III should be completed, and this file saved and should be submitted in one notification.
- Initial and any further STS notification files such as Updates or Loss of STS can be submitted only by a firm user registered onto Connect whose email domain matches that of the firm and the previous notification submitters. Failure to do so may lead to us being unable to recognise your email domain and the STS notification file being rejected.
- If you are providing an updated STS notification or a Loss of STS notification, then you must specify the reasons for revision or reasons the securitisation no longer meets the STS criteria, in either field STSS16 (Annex I), STSAT16 (Annex II) or STSAP15 (Annex III).

6. The template file must be saved in following filename format:

[SECU]: LEI - UNIQUE_IDENTIFIER - STATUS_TYPE

UNIQUE_IDENTIFIER is as set out in Annex below

Example filenames:

If the template is for a **new securitisation notification** for a Public STS

5493000IBP32UQZ0KL24N201801 - NEW - PUB

If the template is for an **updated securitisation notification** for a Public STS

5493000IBP32UQZ0KL24N201802 - UPDATE - PUB

If the template is for a Loss of STS securitisation notification for a Public STS

5493000IBP32UQZ0KL24N201802 - LOSS OF STS - PUB

7. The notification must be submitted via Connect

In case of questions:

Please send an email to your Firm Supervisor or contact FCA's Supervision Hub at Firm.Queries@fca.org.uk

Annex: Unique identifier

1. The reporting entity shall assign to the securitisation a unique identifier composed of the following elements, in sequential order:

(a) The Legal Entity Identifier of the reporting entity;

(b) The letter 'A' if the securitisation is an ABCP securitisation or the letter 'N' if the securitisation is a non-ABCP securitisation;

(c) The four-digit year corresponding to:

i. The four-digit year that the first securities of the securitisation were issued, where the securitisation is a non-ABCP securitisation;

ii. The four-digit year that the first securities within the ABCP programme were issued, where the securitisation is an ABCP securitisation;

(d) The number 01 or, where there is more than one securitisation with the same identifier created according to points (a) to (c) of this sub-paragraph, a two-digit sequential number corresponding to the order in which the reporting entity made available information on each securitisation according to this Regulation. In the event of multiple simultaneous securitisations, the reporting entity shall define the order of each such securitisation at its discretion.

2. The reporting entity shall assign to each ABCP transaction in an ABCP programme a unique identifier composed of the following elements, in sequential order:

(a) The identifier produced according to in paragraph 1;

(b) The letter 'T';

(c) The four-digit year corresponding to the first closing date of the ABCP transaction;

(d) The number 01 or, where there is more than one ABCP transaction with the same identifier created according to points (a)-(c) of this sub-paragraph, a two-digit sequential number corresponding to the order of the first closing date of each ABCP transaction. In the event of multiple simultaneous ABCP transactions, the reporting entity shall define the order of each such ABCP transaction at its discretion.

3. The reporting entity shall not amend unique identifiers.

FIELD NUMBER	BOX TO COMPLETE FOR STS NOTIFICATION	BACKGROUND INFORMATION: FIELD NAME	BACKGROUND INFORMATION: APPLICABLE EXPLANATION TYPE FOR THIS FIELD	BACKGROUND INFORMATION: FIELD FORMAT	PROVISION OF THE SECURITISATION REGULATIONS AND/OR SECN	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED: (If appropriate, include a reference to the relevant sections of the underlying documentation where the information is available)	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
STSS0	PTCQB104N23FMNK2RZ28	First contact point	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.5.1R	Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) of the entity designated as the first contact point	Item 3.2 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980 .
STSS1	XS3109480551	Instrument identification code	N/A (General Information)	{ISIN}	N/A	Where available, the international security identification code (ISIN) or codes. If no ISIN is available, then any other unique securities code assigned to this securitisation.	Where available under Item 3.1 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980.
STSS2	PTCQB104N23FMNK2RZ28	Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)	N/A (General Information)	{LEI}	N/A	The LEI of the originator(s) and sponsor(s) and, where available, original lender(s).	Item 4.2 of Annex 9 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS3	N/A	Notification identifier	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-100}	N/A	Where reporting an update, the unique reference number assigned by the FCA to the previously notified STS notification.	N/A
STSS4	PTCQB104N23FMNK2RZ28N200001	Unique identifier	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-100}	N/A	The unique identifier assigned by the reporting entity in accordance with SECN 11.12.1R.	N/A
STSS5	N/A	Prospectus identifier	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-100}	N/A	Where available, the prospectus identifier as provided by the relevant competent authority.	N/A
STSS6	SecRep Limited	Securitisation repository	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-1000}	N/A	Where available, the name of the registered securitisation repository.	N/A
STSS7	Holmes Master Issuer plc - 2025-2 Class A1 Notes	Securitisation name	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-100}	N/A	The securitisation name.	Section 4 of Annex 9 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS8	GB	Country of establishment	N/A (General Information)	{COUNTRYCODE_2}	Regulations 10 and 13 of the Securitisation Regulations	Where available, the country of establishment of the originator(s), sponsor(s), SSPE(s) and original lender(s).	N/A
STSS9	non-ABCP securitisation	Securitisation classification	N/A (General Information)	{LIST}	N/A	The type of securitisation: non-ABCP securitisation; ABCP transaction; ABCP programme.	N/A
STSS10	residential mortgages	Underlying exposures classification	N/A (General Information)	{LIST}	N/A	The type of underlying exposures including: 1) residential loans that are either secured by one or more mortgages on residential immovable property or that are fully guaranteed by an eligible protection provider among those among those under Article 201(1) of the UK CRR and qualify for the credit quality step 2 or above as set out in Part Three, Title II, Chapter 2 of the UK CRR; 2) commercial loans that are secured by one or more mortgages on commercial immovable property, including offices or other commercial premises; 3) credit facilities provided to individuals for personal, family or household consumption purposes and credit facilities provided to enterprises where the originator applies the same credit risk assessment approach as for individuals not covered under points 1, 2 and 4 to 8; 4) credit facilities, including loans and leases, provided to any type of enterprise or corporation; 5) auto loans/leases; 6) credit card receivables; 7) trade receivables; 8) other underlying exposures that are considered by the originator or sponsor to constitute a distinct asset type on the basis of internal methodologies and parameters;	N/A
STSS11	2025-07-08	Issue date	N/A (General Information)	{DATEFORMAT}	N/A	If a prospectus is drawn up in compliance with the Prospectus Regulation and / or corresponding legislation applicable in a third country, the date on which the prospectus was approved. In all other cases, the closing date of the most recent transaction.	N/A
STSS12	2025-07-08	Notification date	N/A (General Information)	{DATEFORMAT}	N/A	The date of notification to the FCA, or if prior to IP completion day, date of notification to ESMA.	N/A
STSS13	N/A	Authorised third party	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.5.2R	If an authorised third party has provided STS verification services in accordance with SECN 2.5.2R, a statement that the authorised third party firm has confirmed compliance with the STS criteria.	N/A
STSS14	N/A	Authorised third party (name)	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.5.2R	If an authorised third party has provided STS verification services in accordance with SECN 2.5.2R, the name of the third party.	N/A
STSS15		[Note: empty row that serves to avoid re-numbering of rows.]					N/A
STSS16	STS compliant	STS status	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-1000}	Regulation 11 of the Securitisation Regulations	A reasoned notification by the originator and sponsor that the securitisation is no longer to be considered as STS, or that a STS notification should be revised.	N/A
STSS17	Y	Originator (or original lender) not a UK credit institution or a UK investment firm	N/A (General Information)	{Y/N}	SECN 2.5.3R	A 'Yes' or 'No' statement of whether the originator or original lender is a CRR firm or an FCA investment firm.	N/A
STSS18	The originator is a credit institution subject to prudential, capital and liquidity regulation and supervision in the UK by the Prudential Regulatory Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority.	Confirmation of credit-granting criteria	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.5.3R	If the answer to field STSS17 is 'No', confirmation that the originator's or original lender's credit granting criteria, processes and systems in place are executed in accordance with SECN 8.	N/A
STSS19	N/A	Declaration that the credit-granting is subject to supervision	N/A (General Information)	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.5.3R	If the answer to field STSS17 is 'No', declaration that the credit granting referred to in SECN 2.5.3R (1)(a) is subject to supervision.	N/A

STSS20	(A) True Sale: Title to the loans are acquired from the seller by the mortgages trustee by means of an equitable assignment with the same legal effect as a true sale and in a manner that is enforceable against the seller or any other third party. Pursuant to clause 2.1 (with respect to the initial portfolio of loans) and clause 4.1 (with respect to any new portfolio of loans) of the mortgage sale agreement, subject to certain conditions, the seller sells and assigns from time to time loans to the mortgages trustee by means of an equitable assignment. The sale of English loans is in equity only; and the transfer of the Scottish loans is of the beneficial interest only (until transfer of legal title). As a matter of English and Scottish law, such equitable assignment has the same legal effect as a true sale (see opinion 4.1 of the Allen Overy Shearman Sterling English law opinion and opinion 5.1 of the Shepherd and Wedderburn Scots law opinion). Once sold, the loans form part of the trust property held on trust by the mortgages trustee pursuant to clause 2 of the mortgages trust deed. Perfection of the assignment of title occurs on the occurrence of certain specified events set out in clause 6.1 of the mortgage sale agreement. (B) Enforceability. Under applicable law (as reflected in opinion 4.1 of the Allen Overy Shearman Sterling English law opinion and opinion 5.1 of the Shepherd and Wedderburn Scots law opinion), the acquisition of title by the mortgages trustee is enforceable against the seller or other third party. Schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement also includes representations on enforceability, including: paragraphs 1.13, 2.6, 6.4, and 7.4. (C) Legal opinions. Opinion 4.1 of the Allen Overy Shearman Sterling English law opinion and opinion 5.1 of the Shepherd and Wedderburn Scots law opinion confirm the true sale acquisition and enforceability. See the section of the form of final terms entitled "UK Securitisation Framework and EU Securitisation Regulation-UK STS requirements". (D) Disclosure. The base prospectus includes disclosure on the sale mechanics (see the base prospectus section "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Assignment of loans and their related security to the mortgages trustee"), perfection triggers (see the base prospectus section "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Perfection of the loans to the mortgages trustee").	Transfer of the underlying exposures by true sale or assignment	Concise Explanation	(ALPHANUM-10000)	SECN 2.2.2R	A concise explanation of how the transfer of the underlying exposures is made by means of true sale, assignment or transfer with the same legal effect in a manner that is enforceable against the seller or any other third party.	Item 3.3 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS21	Under applicable insolvency laws in the United Kingdom (the originator's jurisdiction), assignment of the loans by the seller to the mortgages trustee is not subject to severe clawback provisions in the event of the seller's insolvency as UK insolvency laws do not include "severe clawback provisions". The Allen Overy Shearman Sterling English law opinion (section 4.1), and Shepherd and Wedderburn Scots law opinion (section 5.1) analyse the applicable clawback provisions, none of which constitute "severe clawback provisions".	No severe clawback	Concise Explanation	(ALPHANUM-10000)	SECN 2.2.3R	A concise explanation of whether the transfer of title is subject to any of the severe clawback provisions referred to in SECN 2.2.3R. State whether the provisions in SECN 2.2.4R apply.	Item 3.3 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS22	Please refer to STSS21	Exemption for clawback provisions in national insolvency laws	Confirmation	(ALPHANUM-1000)	SECN 2.2.4R	In conjunction with STSS21, where appropriate, a confirmation whether there are no circumstances that could give rise to clawback provisions in accordance with SECN 2.2.2R and SECN 2.2.3R.	Item 3.3 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS23	N/A as each loan was originated by Santander UK plc (previously known as Abbey National plc) (see para 1.2 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). The base prospectus also identifies the originator (see the section of the base prospectus entitled "Santander UK plc and the Santander UK Group"). Title to any loans originated by Abbey National plc were assigned to Santander UK plc as part of the acquisition without any intermediate steps. All loans are transferred pursuant to the mortgage sale agreement without any intermediate steps and on the same terms and conditions. See above re the sale mechanics and legal opinions.	Transfer where the seller is not the original lender	Confirmation	(ALPHANUM-1000)	SECN 2.2.5R	If the seller is not the original lender, a statement confirming that the securitisation complies with SECN 2.2.2R and SECN 2.2.4R.	Item 3.3 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS24	Pursuant to the mortgage sale agreement, the seller sells loans to the mortgages trustee by means of an equitable assignment (clauses 2.1 and 4.1), and perfection of the assignment of title occurs on the occurrence of certain specified events set out in the mortgage sale agreement (clause 6) and summarised in the base prospectus (See the base prospectus section "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Legal assignment of the loans to the mortgages trustee"), which include: clauses 6.1(g), (the date on which the seller ceases to be rated Baa3-/Baa3/BBB-); 6.1(h) (an insolvency event in relation to the seller); and 6.1(i) (the seller is in material breach of its obligations under the mortgage sale agreement, subject to certain conditions) of the mortgage sale agreement.	Transfer performed by means of an assignment and perfected at a later stage	Concise Explanation	(ALPHANUM-10000)	SECN 2.2.6R	If the transfer of the underlying exposures is performed by assignment and perfected after the transaction's closing, a concise explanation of how and whether that perfection is effected at least through the required minimum pre-determined event triggers under SECN 2.2.6R. If alternative transfer methods are used, a confirmation that the originator's insolvency would not prejudice or prevent the SSPE from enforcing its rights.	Item 3.3 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS25	All loans are transferred pursuant to the mortgage sale agreement on the same terms and conditions (clauses 2.1 and 4.1). The base prospectus identifies the originator (see the sections of the base prospectus entitled "Santander UK plc and the Santander UK Group"), and includes disclosure on the relevant representations and warranties noted below (see the base prospectus section "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Representations and warranties"). The mortgage sale agreement includes representations and warranties with respect to origination and title (see paragraphs 1.2 and 6.1 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement).	Representations and warranties	Concise Explanation	(ALPHANUM-10000)	SECN 2.2.7R	A concise explanation of how and whether the seller has provided representations and warranties, that the underlying exposures included in the securitisation are not encumbered or otherwise in a condition that can be foreseen adversely to affect the enforceability of the true sale, assignment or transfer with the same legal effect.	Item 2.2.8 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980

STSS26	(A) Eligibility criteria. Each loan sold to the mortgages trustee must comply with eligibility criteria set out in the mortgage sale agreement (see schedule 4 of the mortgage sale agreement). The base prospectus also sets out the eligibility criteria (see the base prospectus section "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Assignment of loans and their related security to the mortgages trustee"). The representations set out in the mortgage sale agreement include that each loan must have originated in accordance with the then applicable eligibility criteria (see para 1.6 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). (B) Portfolio management. The mortgage sale agreement includes repurchase mechanics exercisable at the seller's discretion where the proceeds of such repurchases could be used to purchase other loans (see clause 8 of the mortgage sale agreement). The base prospectus also summarises the repurchase mechanics and triggers (see the sections of the base prospectus entitled "Assignment of the loans and their related security -Mandatory repurchase of loans under a mortgage account", and "Assignment of the loans and their related security -Optional repurchase of loans under a mortgage account"). Such discretionary purchases by the seller where proceeds could be reinvested in other loans should not constitute "active portfolio management" because such repurchases fall outside the activities enumerated under items a and b under paragraph 15 of the EBA guidelines. The base prospectus includes an affirmative statement that the sale/repurchase rights of the seller do not constitute active portfolio management (see the base prospectus section "Assignment of the loans and their related security-No active portfolio management").	Eligibility criteria which do not allow for active portfolio management of the underlying exposures on a discretionary basis	Concise Explanation	(ALPHANUM-10000)	SECN 2.2.8R	A concise explanation of how: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the underlying exposures the seller transfers to the SSPE (if an SSPE is used) or that are otherwise securitised meet predetermined, clear and documented eligibility criteria prohibiting active portfolio management of those exposures on a discretionary basis. the selection and transfer of the underlying exposures in the securitisation is based on clear processes, which facilitate the identification of which exposures are selected for or transferred into the securitisation and that they do not allow for their active portfolio management on a discretionary basis. 	Section 2 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS27	(A) Homogeneity. The base prospectus describes the loans/portfolio (see the base prospectus section "The loans"), eligibility criteria (see the base prospectus section "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Assignment of loans and their related security to the mortgages trustee"), and payment terms (see the base prospectus section "The loans-Characteristics of the loans"). In addition, see the base prospectus section "The loans-Other characteristics". (B) One asset type. The portfolio is comprised of residential mortgage loans (see para 1.7(a) of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement) originated and/or acquired by Santander UK plc and the Santander UK Group (see para 1.2 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement) and secured over residential properties located in England, Wales, or Scotland (see para 3.1 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). (C) Contractually binding. The loans are contractually binding and enforceable, with full recourse to borrowers. The representations set out in the mortgage sale agreement include that each loan is entered into on standard documentation (para 1.7(a) of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement), the balance of each loan is legal, valid, binding and enforceable (para 1.13 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement) and the terms of each loan constitute valid and binding obligations of the borrower enforceable in accordance with their terms (see para 2.6 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). (D) Periodic payment streams. The loans in the portfolio are comprised of repayment loans (where the borrower makes monthly payments of interest and principal until maturity) and interest only loans (where the borrower makes monthly payments of interest, and on maturity pays principal), and therefore have defined periodic payment streams (see the section of the base prospectus entitled "The loans-Characteristics of the loans"). (E) Transferable securities. The portfolio is comprised of residential mortgage loans based on standard form documentation, and therefore does not include any transferable securities (see para 1.7(a) of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). In addition, see the base prospectus section "The loans-Other characteristics".	Homogeneity of assets	Detailed Explanation	(ALPHANUM)	SECN 2.2.9R	A detailed explanation of the homogeneity of the pool of underlying exposures backing the securitisation. For that purpose, include a reference to the relevant section of SECN on homogeneity and explain in detail how each of the conditions specified in SECN 2.4.IR are met.	Item 2.2.7 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS28	The portfolio is comprised of residential mortgage loans based on standard form documentation, and therefore does not include any securitisation position (see para 1.7(a) of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). The base prospectus also describes the portfolio (see the base prospectus section "The loans"). In addition, see the base prospectus section "The loans-Other characteristics".	Underlying exposure obligations: no resecuritisation	Confirmation	(ALPHANUM-1000)	SECN 2.2.10R	A confirmation that the underlying exposures do not include any securitisation positions and that the notified securitisation is therefore not a re-securitisation.	Item 2.2 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS29	(A) Ordinary course. The base prospectus includes a statement that each loan is originated by in the ordinary course (see the section of the base prospectus entitled "The loans"), and that the lending criteria was satisfied in all material respects (see para 1.6 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). The methodology for selecting new loans in the portfolio is essentially random and therefore subject to underwriting standards that are no less stringent than those applied to similar exposures. (B) Disclosure of criteria. The base prospectus includes a summary of the current lending criteria (see the base prospectus section "The loans-Lending criteria") and eligibility criteria (see the section of the base prospectus entitled "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Assignment of loans and their related security to the mortgages trustee"). The base prospectus includes confirmation that any material changes from the seller's prior underwriting policies and lending criteria shall be disclosed without undue delay (see the base prospectus section "The loans-Changes to the underwriting policies and the lending criteria"). (C) Residential loans. See the base prospectus section "The loans-Other characteristics", which confirms that no loans included in the pool were marketed and underwritten on the premise that the loan applicant or, where applicable, intermediaries were made aware that the information provided by the loan applicant might not be verified by the seller. (D) Creditworthiness. The mortgage sale agreement sets out the eligibility criteria (schedule 1) and current lending criteria (schedule 4), which includes requirements for income verification. The base prospectus also includes disclosure regarding compliance with MCD. See the base prospectus section "Risk factors-General impact of regulatory changes on Santander UK in its various roles under the programme", and "The loans-Lending criteria".	Soundness of the underwriting standard	Detailed Explanation	(ALPHANUM)	SECN 2.2.11R	A detailed explanation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> of whether the underlying exposures were originated in the lender's ordinary course of business and whether the applied underwriting standards were no less stringent than those applied at the same time of origination to exposures that were not securitised. of whether the underwriting standards and any material changes from prior underwriting standards have been or will be fully disclosed to potential investors without undue delay. of how securitisations where the underlying exposures are residential loans, the pool of underlying exposures meet the requirement in SECN 2.2.11R (3). of whether an assessment of the borrower's creditworthiness meets the requirements set out in Article 8 of Directive 2008/48/EC or paragraphs 1 to 4, point (a) of paragraph 5, and paragraph 6 of Article 18 of Directive 2014/17/EU or, where applicable, equivalent requirements in third countries. 	Item 2.2.7 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS30	Santander UK has operated for more than the five year period to satisfy this requirement. See the section of the base prospectus entitled "Santander UK plc and the Santander UK Group".	Originator/Lender expertise	Detailed Explanation	(ALPHANUM)	SECN 2.2.11R	A detailed explanation of whether the originator or original lender have expertise in originating exposures of a similar nature to those securitised.	Item 2.2.7 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980

STSS31	(A) Transfer. Any of the loans to be transferred on each issuance (if applicable) are identified by the launch date, and the final pool of such loans is transferred on or prior to the closing date pursuant to the mortgage sale agreement. At the time of each issuance, statistical information on the loans comprising the mortgages trust (and including for such purposes any of the loans to be transferred on or prior to the closing date) as at the cut-off date are set out in the relevant preliminary final terms (see the section of the form of final terms entitled "Statistical information on the expected portfolio"), and transfers of loans pursuant to the mortgage sale agreement (whether at the time of issuance or otherwise) are made without undue delay following selection. (B) Exposures in default. The eligibility criteria set out in the mortgage sale agreement include that no borrower is in material breach of its obligations (see para 1.10 of schedule 1) or more than two months in arrears (see para 1.11 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). The base prospectus includes confirmation that no such impaired loans are included in the pool (see the base prospectus section "The loans-Other characteristics". (C) Exposures to credit-impaired borrowers. The eligibility criteria set out in the mortgage sale agreement include that so far as the seller is aware no loans were made to "credit-impaired obligors" (see para 1.24 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement) and that the lending criteria was satisfied in all material respects (see para 1.6 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). The lending criteria excludes borrowers with certain negative credit histories (see schedule 4 of the mortgage sale agreement).	Transferred underlying exposures without exposures in default	Detailed Explanation	{ALPHANUM}	SECN 2.2.12R	A detailed explanation of whether: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the transferred underlying exposures do not include, at the time of selection, defaulted exposures (or restructured exposures) as defined in Article 178(1) UK CRR. the requirements referred to in SECN 2.2.12R (2) (c) – (e) subject to SECN 2.2.12R (3) are met. the requirements referred to in SECN 2.2.12R (2)(a) are met; the requirements referred to in SECN 2.2.12R (2)(b) are met. 	Item 2.2.8 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS32	The eligibility criteria set out in the mortgage sale agreement include that each borrower has made at least one monthly payment (see para 1.9 of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). The base prospectus also summarises the eligibility criteria. See the base prospectus section "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Assignment of loans and their related security to the mortgages trustee".	At least one payment at the time of transfer	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.13R	A confirmation whether, at the time of transfer of the exposures, the debtors have made at least one payment. A confirmation whether the exemption under SECN 2.2.13R.	Items 3.3 and 3.4.6 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS33	The loans in the portfolio are comprised of repayment loans and interest only loans. For interest-only loans, the borrower is recommended to have some repayment mechanism (such as an investment plan) which is intended to provide sufficient funds to repay the principal on maturity. It is the responsibility of the borrower to have an investment plan in place to ensure such funds are available. See the base prospectus sections "The loans-Characteristics of the loans-Repayment terms" and "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Representations and warranties".	Repayment of the holders shall not have been structured to depend predominantly on the sale of assets	Detailed Explanation	{ALPHANUM}	SECN 2.2.14R	A detailed explanation of the extent to which repayment of securitisation investors depends on sale of assets securing the underlying exposures.	Item 3.4.1 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS34	seller's share	Compliance with the risk retention requirements	Concise Explanation	{LIST}	SECN 2.2.15R	A concise explanation as to how the originator, sponsor or original lender of a non-ABCP securitisation comply with the risk retention requirement under SECN 5.2. An indication which entity retains the material net economic interest and which option is used for retaining the risk: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> vertical slice in accordance with SECN 5.2.2R (1)(a); seller's share in accordance with SECN 5.2.2R (1)(b); randomly-selected exposures kept on balance sheet, in accordance with SECN 5.2.2R (1)(c); first loss tranche in accordance with SECN 5.2.2R (1)(d); first loss exposure in each asset in accordance with SECN 5.2.2R(1)(e); no compliance with risk retention requirements set out in SECN 5.2.2R; other options used. 	Item 3.1 of Annex 9 and Item 3.4.3 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS35	(A) Interest rate risks. Interest rate risks are managed for funding through a funding swap and for the master issuer through each master issuer swap (which are documented in separate swap agreements and summarised in the base prospectus, see the section "The swap agreements"). The swaps by their terms match cashflows from assets to liabilities. Interest rate risks are also managed through: 1. under clause 4.1 of the servicing agreement, requirements that discretionary rates set in respect of the loans (e.g., the mortgages trustee SVR and any variable margin applicable to any tracker loan) are required (subject to the terms of the mortgage loans and applicable law) to be set at a minimum rate (see also the base prospectus section "The servicing agreement-Undertakings by the servicer"). 2. under clause 4.2(p) of the mortgage sale agreement, requirements that loans will not cause the average post derivatives yield of the portfolio to fall below a defined threshold (see also the base prospectus section "Assignment of the loans and their related security-Legal assignment of the loans to the mortgages trustee"). (B) Currency risks. Currency risks are managed for the master issuer through master issuer swaps (which are documented in separate swap agreements and summarised in the base prospectus). The swaps by their terms match cashflows from assets to liabilities. See also the base prospectus section "The swap agreements". (C) Other derivative contracts. Under the terms and conditions of the intercompany loan (for funding) (see clauses 14.6, 14.7, 14.8 and 14.9 of the intercompany loan agreement) and of the notes (for the master issuer) (see conditions 4.1, 4.2, 4.5 and 4.6 of the terms and conditions of the notes), each of funding and master issuer has effectively undertaken not to enter into any transactions other than those contemplated in a defined set of transaction documents, which implies that the entities will not enter into derivatives other than the swap agreements. The portfolio is comprised of residential mortgage loans based on standard form documentation, and therefore does not include derivatives (see para 1.7(a) of schedule 1 of the mortgage sale agreement). In addition, the base prospectus confirms that no other derivative contracts will be entered into (see the base prospectus section "The loans-Other characteristics"). (D) Speculation. The	Mitigation of interest rates (IR) and currency (FX) risks	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.16R	A concise explanation that measures are taken appropriately to mitigate interest rates and currency risks and confirmation that such measures are available to investors.	Items 3.4.2 and 3.8 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS36	Please refer to STSS35	Derivatives purchased/sold by SSPE	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.16R	A concise declaration that the SSPE has not entered into derivative contracts except in the circumstances under SECN 2.2.16R.	Items 3.4.2 and 3.8 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS37	Please refer to STSS35	Derivatives using common standards	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.16R	A concise explanation of whether any hedging instruments used are underwritten and documented according to commonly accepted standards.	Items 3.4.2 and 3.8 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980

STSS38	The assets have a combination of fixed, external reference rates and rates based on the seller's cost of funds (i.e., a variable rate, the Santander UK SVR, a tracking rate or a rate directly linked to rates set by the Bank of England). See the base prospectus section "The loans-Characteristics of the loans". The stratification tables in the base prospectus provide relative proportions of different rates, and the form of final terms includes tables which show the correlation between sectoral rates and other market rates, such that those rates can be assessed against other market rates. See the section of the form of final terms entitled "Mitigation of interest rate and currency risks". The notes issued under the programme may be fixed rate notes or floating rate notes calculated by reference to SONIA, EURIBOR, STR or SOFR. See the form of final terms.	Referenced interest payments based on generally used interest rates	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.17R	A concise explanation of whether and how any referenced interest payments under the securitisation assets and liabilities are calculated by reference to generally used market interest rates or generally used sectoral rates reflective of the cost of funds.	Item 2.2.2 and 2.2.13 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS39	Where an enforcement or an acceleration notice has been delivered under the intercompany loan agreement no amount of cash is trapped in funding as all enforcement proceeds are required to be applied in accordance with the funding post-enforcement priority of payments (see schedule 3 part 3 to the funding deed of charge). Note clause 8.9 of the funding deed of charge provides that the funding security trustee may retain proceeds of enforcement in an interest-bearing account post enforcement of the funding security but prior to amounts becoming due in respect of any funding secured obligations. Clause 8 states that the funding security only becomes enforceable following delivery of an intercompany loan acceleration notice. Clause 15.10 of the intercompany loan agreement does permit the funding security trustee to require only that loan tranches under the intercompany loan are due and payable on demand - given the terms of the funding deed of charge and the cashflow waterfall - a funding security trustee would likely only deliver an intercompany loan acceleration notice without requiring amounts under the intercompany loan to be immediately due and payable in exceptional circumstances in the best interests of noteholders. The funding security trustee holds the security for the funding secured creditors (see recital (H) to the funding deed of charge). The master issuer security trustee holds the security for the master issuer secured creditors (see recital (B) of the master issuer deed of charge). The note trustee acts in the interests of itself and the noteholders (see recital (B) of the master issuer trust deed). No amount of cash is trapped in the master issuer under the master issuer post-enforcement priority of payments after a note enforcement notice and an intercompany loan acceleration notice has been served (see clause 7.1 of the master issuer deed of charge). Note clause 6.7 of the master issuer deed of charge provides that the master issuer security trustee may retain proceeds of enforcement in an interest-bearing account post enforcement of the master issuer security but prior to amounts becoming due in respect of any master issuer secured obligations. Clause 9.2 states that the master issuer security becomes immediately enforceable following a note event of default. Condition 10 of the terms and conditions of the notes.	No trapping of cash following enforcement or an acceleration notice	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.18R	A declaration in general terms that each of the requirements of SECN 2.2.18R are met.	Item 3.4.5 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS40	Please refer to STSS39	No amount of cash shall be trapped	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.18R	Confirmation that no cash would be trapped after an enforcement or an acceleration notice was delivered.	Item 3.4.5 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS41	Please refer to STSS39	Principal receipts shall be passed to investors	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.18R	Confirmation that principal receipts from the underlying exposures are passed to the investors via sequential amortisation of the securitisation positions, as determined by the seniority of the securitisation position.	Item 3.4.5 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS42	Please refer to STSS39	Repayment shall not be reversed with regard to seniority	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.18R	Confirmation that the repayment of the securitisation positions is not to be reversed with regard to their seniority.	Item 3.4.5 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS43	Please refer to STSS39	No provisions shall require automatic liquidation of the underlying exposures at market value	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.18R	Confirmation that no provisions require automatic liquidation of the underlying exposures at market value.	Item 3.4.5 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS44	The structure contemplates non-sequential payments of notes. However, the intercompany loan agreement (which drives the amounts payable in respect of the notes) provides that each term advance becomes due and payable, inter alia, upon the occurrence of an asset trigger event (being a trigger event). The amounts payable are subject to the funding priority of payments (per clause 7.1 of the master issuer deed of charge). An asset trigger event is effectively defined in the master definitions and construction schedule as being the event that occurs when an amount is debited to the AAA principal deficiency sub ledger of funding unless certain criteria are met. This is essentially a measure of deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures below a predetermined threshold. Clause 5 of part 2 of schedule 3 of the funding deed of charge requires payments following the occurrence of an asset trigger event to be made sequentially to each term advance by seniority of their ranking. The master issuer cash management agreement provides in clause 4 of schedule 2 for the priority of payments for mortgages trust available principal receipts. This requires sequential payments to the notes in order of their priority to the extent amounts are due and payable on the notes.	Securitisations featuring nonsequential priority of payments	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.19R	Confirmation that transaction featuring non-sequential priority of payments include triggers relating to the performance of the underlying exposures resulting in the priority of payment reverting to sequential payments in order of seniority. Confirmation that such triggers include the deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures below a predetermined threshold.	Item 3.4.5 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS45	The transaction is not a securitisation where the securitisation structure itself revolves by loans being added to or removed from the pool of loans.	Revolving securitisation with early amortisation events for termination of revolving period based on prescribed triggers	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.20R	A concise explanation, where applicable, of how the provisions in SECN 2.2.20R are reflected in the transaction documentation.	Items 2.3 and 2.4 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS46	Please refer to STSS45	Deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.20R (1)	A concise explanation (where applicable) of how the provisions in SECN 2.2.20R (1) are reflected in the transaction documentation.	Items 2.3 and 2.4 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS47	Please refer to STSS45	Occurrence of an insolvency related event of the originator or servicer	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.20R (2)	A concise explanation, (where applicable) of how the provisions or triggers in SECN 2.2.20R (2) are reflected in the transaction documentation.	Items 2.3 and 2.4 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS48	Please refer to STSS45	Value of the underlying exposures held by the SSPE falls below a predetermined threshold	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.20R (3)	A concise explanation, where applicable, of how the provisions or triggers in SECN 2.2.20R (3) are reflected in the transaction documentation. Please cross reference the relevant sections of the underlying documentation where the information can be found.	Items 2.3 and 2.4 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS49	Please refer to STSS45	Failure to generate sufficient new underlying exposures meeting pre-determined credit quality (trigger for termination of the revolving period)	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.20R (4)	A concise explanation, where applicable, of how the provisions in SECN 2.2.20R (4) are reflected in the transaction documentation.	Items 2.3 and 2.4 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980

STSS50	(A) Service providers. The service providers are: (i) the servicer, who is appointed under the servicing agreement (see the base prospectus section "The servicing agreement") (ii) the mortgages trustee corporate services provider, who is appointed under the mortgages trustee corporate services agreement (iii) the cash manager, who is appointed under the cash management agreement (see the base prospectus section "Cash management for the mortgages trustee and Funding") (iv) the funding corporate services provider, who is appointed under the funding corporate services agreement (v) the master issuer cash manager, who is appointed under the master issuer cash management agreement (see the base prospectus section "Cash management for the master issuer") (vi) the paying agents, agent bank, registrar transfer agent and exchange rate agents, who are appointed under the paying agent and agent bank agreement (vii) the account banks, who are appointed under the relevant account bank agreement (viii) the master issuer corporate services provider, who is appointed under the master issuer corporate services agreement (ix) the master issuer security trustee, the funding security trustee and the note trustee, who are appointed under the relevant trust deeds (x) the funding swap provider and master issuer swap providers, who are appointed under the relevant swap agreements (see the base prospectus section "The swap agreements"). The contractual obligations of the service providers are specified in the relevant agreements and, as identified above with respect to certain providers, summarised in the base prospectus. (B) Servicer. Clause 21 of the servicing agreement contains provisions providing for the termination of the servicer and provisions anticipating the appointment of a replacement servicer by the mortgages trustee, funding and/or the security trustee. (C) Swap counterparties. There is a funding swap agreement and the master issuer has entered into master issuer swap agreements. Each swap agreement has provisions requiring replacement of the swap counterparties in the event of their default or insolvency (see part 5 of the schedule to each swap agreement) and in the credit support annex entered into in respect of each swap agreement, which require the relevant swap counterparty to take certain	Information regarding contractual obligations of the servicer, trustee and other ancillary service providers	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.21R (1)	Confirmation that the transaction documentation specifies all the requirements under SECN 2.2.21R (1).	Item 3.2 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS51	Please refer to STSS50	Servicing continuity provisions	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.21R (2)	Confirmation that the securitisation documentation expressly satisfies the requirements of 2.2.21R (2).	Item 3.2 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS52	Please refer to STSS50	Derivative counterparties continuity provisions	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.21R (3)	Confirmation that the transaction documentation satisfies all of the information referred to in SECN 2.2.21 R (3).	Item 3.8 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS53	Please refer to STSS50	Liquidity providers and account bank continuity provisions	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.21R (3)	Confirmation that the transaction documentation satisfies all of the information under SECN 2.2.21 R (3).	Item 3.8 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS54	The servicer has undertaken the servicing of loans of a similar nature to those securitised, for at least five years as the programme has been in place for more than five years and throughout that time Santander UK has been servicing the loans. See the base prospectus section "Santander UK plc and the Santander UK Group". The servicer is an entity that is subject to prudential, capital and liquidity regulation and supervision in the UK, and the existence of well documented and adequate policies, procedures and risk management controls in this regard has been assessed and confirmed by the PRA/FCA. See the base prospectus section "Santander UK plc and the Santander UK Group".	Required expertise from the servicer and policies and adequate procedures and risk management controls in place	Detailed Explanation	{ALPHANUM}	SECN 2.2.22R	A detailed explanation of how the requirements of SECN 2.2.22R are met. As part of the explanation, include references to any policies and procedures intended to ensure compliance with these requirements.	Item 3.4.6 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS55	Asset performance remedies. The base prospectus and the transaction documents include a summary of the originator's policies and procedures regarding remedies and actions relating to delinquency and default of debtors, debt restructuring, debt forgiveness, forbearance, payment holidays, losses, charge offs, recoveries and other asset performance remedies (see the sections of the base prospectus entitled "The loans-Lending criteria", "The loans-Characteristics of the loans" and "The servicer-Arrears and default procedures"). A comprehensive master definitions and construction schedule defines the terms set out in the regulations where applicable, which are consistently applied across the transaction documents, and the base prospectus also includes defined terms under the section entitled "Glossary".	Clear and consistent definitions relating to the treatment of problem loans	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.23R	Confirmation that the underlying documentation sets out in clear and consistent terms, definitions, remedies and actions relating to the debt situations set out in SECN 2.2.23R.	Item 2.2.2 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS56	Priorities of payments. Priorities of payments and relevant triggers are set out in the mortgages trust deed, the funding deed of charge, the master issuer deed of charge, the master issuer cash management agreement, the intercompany loan and the terms and conditions of the notes. The base prospectus also includes a summary of these under the sections entitled "Cashflows" and "Credit Structure" and confirmation that any relevant changes will be disclosed under the section entitled "Cashflows-Disclosure of modifications to the priorities of payments".	Priorities of payment and trigger events	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.23R	Confirmation that the securitisation documentation sets out the priorities of payment and trigger events pursuant to SECN 2.2.23R.	Item 3.4.7 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS57	Conditions 3 and 12 of the terms and conditions of the notes and schedule 5 of the master issuer trust deed contain provisions for the resolution of conflicts between different classes of noteholders, including: (a) the method for calling meetings (Item 2 of schedule 5) (b) the minimum and maximum timeframe for setting up a meeting (Item 3 of schedule 5) (c) the required quorum (Item 5 of schedule 5) (d) the minimum threshold of votes to validate such a decision, with clear differentiation between the minimum thresholds for each type of decision (Items 18 through 26 of schedule 5, and condition 3) (e) the time and place of any meetings to be determined by the note trustee, which shall be located in the United Kingdom (or, if applicable, the European Union) (Item 2 of schedule 5).	Timely resolution of conflicts between classes of investors and responsibilities of trustees	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.24R	Confirmation that the provisions under SECN 2.2.24R relating to the timely resolutions of conflicts are met.	Items 3.4.7 and 3.4.8 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980
STSS58	The base prospectus and each final terms include static pool data and historical pool data with respect to the pool as well as comparable data of substantially similar exposures. See the base prospectus sections "Arrears Experience" and "Static Pool Data and Dynamic Data in respect of Whole Residential Mortgage Book" and the sections of the form of final terms entitled "Static Pool Data and Dynamic Data in respect of Whole Residential Mortgage Book" and "Arrears Experience in respect of the Holmes Portfolio". Such information included in the base prospectus and the form of final terms is made available to investors prior to the pricing of any issuance of notes.	Historical default and loss performance data	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.25R	Confirmation that the data required to be made available under SECN 2.2.25R is available, stating clearly where the information can be found.	Item 2.2.2 of Annex 19 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980

STSS59	Independent auditors conduct an audit of a sample of the portfolio prior to the issuance of notes to confirm, among other things, pool data included in the base prospectus and final terms. The final terms includes a confirmation that the verification has occurred and which parameters, e.g. loan size, LTV, interest rate, etc., have been subject to the verification and the criteria that have been applied for determining the representative sample. See the base prospectus section "Form of final terms-Verification of data" and the base prospectus section entitled "Listing and general information-Investor reports and information-Verification of data".	Sample of the underlying exposures subject to external verifications	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.26R	Confirmation that a sample of the underlying exposures was subject to external verification before the issuance of the securities by an appropriate and independent party.	N/A
STSS60	The base prospectus confirms that a liability cashflow model is made available to investors in accordance with the regulatory requirements and guidelines. See the base prospectus section "Listing and General Information-Investor reports and information-Liability cashflow model". Such liability cash flow model is made available to investors prior to the pricing of any issuance of notes.	Availability of a liability cash flow model to potential investors	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.27R	Confirmation that a liability cash flow model is available to potential investors before pricing and state clearly where this information is available. Confirmation that such information has been made available, after pricing, to potential investors upon request.	N/A
STSS61	The seller will disclose certain available information related to the environmental performance of the assets pursuant to the information provided by the seller in accordance with its obligations under SECN 6.2.1R (1) and Article 7(1)(a) of Chapter 2 of the Securitisation Part of the rulebook of published policy of the Prudential Regulation Authority. As at the date hereof, such information includes the environmental performance certificate (EPC) ratings of the properties financed by the loans included in the portfolio, where available.	Publication on environmental performance of underlying exposures consisting of residential loans or car loans or leases	Concise Explanation	{ALPHANUM-10000}	SECN 2.2.28 R	A concise explanation of whether the information related to the environmental performance of the assets financed by residential loans, or auto loans or leases is available pursuant to SECN 6.2.1R (1) and a statement where that information is to be found.	N/A
STSS62	The base prospectus includes disclosure on compliance with SECN 6 and Article 7 of Chapter 2 of the Securitisation Part of the rulebook of published policy of the Prudential Regulation Authority. See the base prospectus section "Listing and General Information-Investor reports and information". Clause 10.9 of the funding deed of charge includes an acknowledgement by the seller of the additional reporting obligations set out in SECN 6 and Article 7 of Chapter 2 of the Securitisation Part of the rulebook of published policy of the Prudential Regulation Authority and an agreement by the servicer along with the master issuer, funding and the mortgages trustee that it will be responsible for compliance with the requirements of SECN 6 and Article 7 of Chapter 2 of the Securitisation Part of the rulebook of published policy of the Prudential Regulation Authority; and a covenant from the servicer along with the master issuer, funding and the mortgages trustee to take all such steps as are reasonably requested at the cost of Santander UK to enable it to comply with those obligations.	Originator and sponsor responsible for compliance with SECN 6	Confirmation	{ALPHANUM-1000}	SECN 2.2.29 R	Confirmation that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the originator and the sponsor comply with SECN 6; the information required under SECN 6.2.1R (1) has been made available to potential investors before pricing upon request; the information required by SECN 6.2.1R (2) — (4) has been made available before pricing at least in draft or initial form. 	N/A